- (e) FCIC may use salary offset against one of its employees who is indebted to another agency if requested to do so by that agency. Salary offset will not be initiated until after other servicing options available to the requesting agency have been utilized, and due process has been afforded to the FCIC employee. When salary offset is utilized, payment for the debt will be deducted from the employee's salary and sent directly to the creditor agency. Not more than fifteen percent (15%) of the employee's disposable salary can be offset in any one pay period, unless the employee agrees in writing to the deduction of a larger amount.
- (f) When FCIC is owed a debt by an employee of another agency, the other agency shall not initiate the requested offset until FCIC provides the agency with a written certification that the debtor owes FCIC a debt (including the amount and basis of the debt and the due date of the payment), and that FCIC has complied with Department regulations. If a repayment schedule is elected by the employee, interest will be charged in accordance with Departmental Regulation 2520-1, Interest Rate on Delinquent Debts; USDA Debt Collection Regulations in 7 CFR part 3; and 4 CFR 102.13.
- (g) For the purposes of this section, the Manager, FCIC, or the Manager's designee, is delegated authority to:
- (1) Certify to the debtor's employing agency that the debt exists and the amount of the debt or delinquent balance;
- (2) Certify that, with respect to debt collection, the procedures and regulations of FCIC and the Department have been complied with; and
- (3) Request that salary offset be initiated by the debtor's employing agency. [53 FR 3, Jan. 4, 1988, and 53 FR 10527, Apr. 1, 1988]

§ 400.130 Notice requirements before offset.

Salary offset will not be made unless the employee receives 30 calendar days written notice. The notice of intent to offset salary (notice of intent) will state:

(a) That FCIC has reviewed the records relating to the debt and has determined that the debt is owed, and has

verified the amount of the debt, and the facts giving rise to the debt;

(b) That FCIC intends to deduct an amount not to exceed 15% of the employees current disposable salary until the debt and all accumulated interest are paid in full;

(c) The amount, frequency, approximate beginning date, and duration of the intended deductions;

(d) An explanation of the requirements concerning interest, penalties, and administrative costs, including a statement that these assessments will be made unless waived in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3717 and 7 CFR 3.34;

(e) That FCIC's records concerning the debt are available to the employee for inspection and that the employee may request a copy of such records;

(f) That the employee has a right to voluntarily enter into a written agreement with FCIC for a repayment schedule with FCIC, which may be different from that proposed by FCIC, if the terms of the repayment agreement are agreed to by FCIC;

(g) That the employee has the right to a hearing conducted by an Administrative Law Judge of USDA, or a hearing official not under the control of USDA, concerning the determination of the debt, the amount of the debt, or the percentage of disposable salary to be deducted each pay period, if the petition for a hearing is filed by the employee as prescribed by FCIC;

(h) The method and time period allowable for a petition for a hearing;

(i) That the timely filing of a hearing petition will stay the offset collection proceedings;

(j) That a final decision on the hearing will be issued at the earliest practical date, but not later than 60 calendar days after the filing of the petition, unless the employee requests, and the hearing officer grants, a delay in the proceedings;

(k) That any knowingly false or frivolous statement, representation, or evidence may subject the employee to:

(1) Disciplinary procedures appropriate under 5 U.S.C. Chapter 75, 5 CFR part 752, or any other applicable Statutes or regulations;

(2) Penalties under the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. 3729–3731, or any other applicable statutory authority: or

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- (3) Criminal penalties under 18 U.S.C. 286, 287, 1001, and 1002, or any other applicable statutory authority;
- (l) Any other rights or remedies available to the employee under any statute or regulations governing the program for which collection is being made:
- (m) That the employee may request waiver of salary overpayment under applicable statutory authority (5 U.S.C. 5584, 10 U.S.C. 2774, 32 U.S.C 716, or 5 U.S.C 8346(b)), or may request waiver in the case of general debts and if waiver is available under any statutory provision pertaining to the particular debt being collected. The employee may question the amount or validity of the salary overpayment or general debt by submitting a claim to the Comptroller General in accordance with General Accounting Officer procedure.
- (n) That amounts paid on or deducted for the debt which are later waived or found not to be owed to the United States will be promptly refunded to the employee, unless there are applicable contractual or statutory provisions to the contrary; and
- (o) The name and address of an official of FCIC to whom the employee should direct any communication with respect to the debt.

[53 FR 4, Jan. 4, 1988, and 53 FR 10527, Apr. 1, 1988]

§ 400.131 Request for a hearing and result if an employee fails to meet deadlines.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an employee must file a petition for hearing that is received by the FCIC Official not later than 30 calendar days from the date of the notice of intent to collect a debt by salary offset, if the employee wants a hearing concerning:
- (1) The existence or amount of the debt; or
- (2) The FCIC Official's proposed offset schedule, including the percentage of deduction.
- (b) The petition must be signed by the employee and should clearly identify and explain with reasonable specificity and brevity the facts, evidence and witnesses which the employee believes support the his or her position. If

- the employee objects to the percentage of disposable salary to be deducted from each check, the petition should state the objection and the reasons for it
- (c) If the employee files a petition for hearing later than the 30 days provided in paragraph (a) of this section, the FCIC Official may accept the petition if the employee is able to show that the delay caused by conditions beyond his or her control, or because the employee failed to received the notice of the filing deadline (unless the employee has actual notice of the deadline).
- (d) An employee will not be granted a hearing and will have his or her disposable salary offset in accordance with the FCIC Official's announced schedule if the employee:
- (1) Fails to file a petition for hearing as set forth in this subsection; or
- (2) Is scheduled to appear and fails to appear at the hearing.

 $[53\ FR\ 4,\ Jan.\ 4,\ 1988,\ and\ 53\ FR\ 10527,\ Apr.\ 1,\ 1988]$

§400.132 Hearings.

- (a) If an employee timely files a petition for a hearing, the FCIC Official will select the date, time, and location for the hearing.
- (b) The hearing shall be conducted by an appropriately designated Hearing Official.
- (c) Rules of evidence shall not be observed, but the hearing officer will consider all evidence that he or she determines to be relevant to the debt that is the subject of the hearing, and weigh all such evidence accordingly, given all the facts and circumstances surrounding the debt.
- (d) The burden of proof with respect to the existence of the debt rests with FCIC.
- (e) The employee requesting the hearing shall bear the ultimate burden of proof.
- (f) The evidence presented by the employee must prove that no debt exists, or cast sufficient doubt such that reasonable minds could differ as to the existence of the debt.

[53 FR 5, Jan. 4, 1988, and 53 FR 10527, Apr. 1, 1988]